

CHARLTON'S WAIT IS NEARING END

He Will Know Soon if He Must Answer for His Crime.

SUPREME COURT TO DECIDE

Has Made Long Fight Against Punishment for Murder of Wife.

Washington, September 22.—The long wait of Porter Charlton behind the bars of a New Jersey prison for the final word as to whether he must return to Italy to answer for the murder of his wife at Lake Como, two years ago, is drawing to an end. The Supreme Court will take up Charlton's case during the coming term which opens October 14. Charlton's appeal is the most noted murder case before the court. Not only did the details of the crime stir both Europe and America, but diplomatic officials of Italy and the United States have become involved in the matter. The decision of the court will be looked to as a guide in diplomatic intercourse.

The twenty-three-year-old prisoner, through his father, Judge Paul Charlton, of Porto Rico, will not contest the question of his guilt, but will challenge the right of the American government to surrender him to the Italian authorities. This right is claimed on account of the peculiar circumstances under which Charlton was arrested.

Immediately after Mrs. Charlton's body was found in a trunk in Lake Como, the search for her husband began. He was arrested at the request of the wife's brother, Captain H. H. Scott, of the United States Army, as he stepped from a steamer at Hoboken, N. J. He had committed no crime in America, but confessed to having murdered his wife, who he said had refused to obey his order to be quiet one night as they sojourned at Lake Como on their wedding trip.

Under the treaty between the United States and Italy, the latter country repeatedly has declined to return Italians, who committed crimes in this country, and escaped to Italy, here for punishment. Italy has responded that she would punish the murderer.

When the Italian government requested the United States to surrender Charlton, Secretary Knox replied that as the United States could not punish him, if not surrendered, he would go free if not surrendered and so he granted the request. To prevent the removal, Charlton's father brought habeas corpus proceedings before the New Jersey courts claiming that there was no authority for his arrest, and challenged the right of the American government to turn his son over to the Italian officers. The New Jersey courts held against Charlton, who appealed to the Supreme Court of the United States. The case took its regular place on the docket, and Charlton has remained in jail in New Jersey.

MRS. ASTOR HELPS SEAMAN'S FAMILY

New York, September 22.—Mr. and Mrs. Waldor Astor, son and daughter-in-law of William Waldor Astor, of London, arrived in this city yesterday on board the Baltic. Mr. Astor is here to attend to various matters connected with his American properties, and they will remain in the United States about a month.

While here Mr. Astor, who is a member of Parliament and also chairman of the English Tuberculosis Commission, will attend the International Hygienic Congress now being held at Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. Astor were cheered as they left the Baltic by a large part of the engine room force in recognition of their having raised \$500 among the passengers for the family of William Sullivan, a stoker on the ship, who temporarily insane, leaped into the sea and was lost two days after the Baltic left Liverpool. Mr. and Mrs. Astor and the Countess of Essex, who also was a passenger, collected \$500 for the man's family and thereafter visited the stoker and showed their interest in the case.

Mrs. Astor praised the conduct of the men and said she never had heard them use any but polite language. The men were equally complimentary in their opinion of her and the Countess.

Mr. Astor, who was elected to the House of Commons as a conservative in 1908, said he regretted that it was not feasible to unite all the English speaking countries into one great single nation.

"England," he said, "is suffering from political indigestion. If I may use a somewhat curious term. I mean that government is trying to do too many things at once. I am a tariff reformer myself. England would get along better if she devoted more thought to a tariff. Possibly some reformation of the tariff in this country may afford her a lesson after the next election."

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Fine Old Calvert

Pure Rye Whiskey, regular 75c price \$1.00, to-day.....

Full quart.

Mail orders solicited. Price List mailed on request.

COMMITTEE WILL MEET NEXT WEEK

Returns of Saturday's Primary in Fourth District Will Be Canvassed.

SOME SURPRISES IN VOTE

Wilson-Marshall Campaign Club Soon Will Be Organized.

The Times-Dispatch Bureau, 5 Bollingbrook Street (Telephone 1455), Petersburg, Va., September 22.

Chairman Robert Gilliam, in accordance with the requirement of the Democratic party's plan, will issue a call for a meeting of the district committee to be held in this city on Monday next, September 30, to canvass the returns and announce the result of Saturday's primary election for the nomination of a candidate for Congress in the Fourth District. By that time the committee will have in hand the returns from every precinct in the district, some of which have not yet been reported, leaving the result in doubt, with both sides claiming the majority by a very close margin.

Some Surprises. There were many surprises in Saturday's primary, as the large vote cast in Petersburg with its majority of 228 for Turnbull was one of the greatest. It was not generally expected that over 1,100 or 1,150 votes would be cast in the city. The friends of Turnbull did not anticipate over 200 to 250 majority, while the friends of Judge Watson were expecting that the vote for the two candidates would be very close.

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Under authority of a decree of the Hastings Court, entered several days ago, the School Board will publicly sell next Saturday the property on Union Street, opposite the post-office. The property has been owned by the Petersburg High School, and but recently vacated as such.

The Young Men's Christian Association recently offered to purchase this property as a desirable site for the proposed new association home, but it was found that the city could not dispose of it without decree of court.

General News Notes. Five hundred and six students have already entered for the new session at the State Normal and Industrial Institute, near this city, and others will soon arrive to fill the institute to its full capacity. The institution is in a very flourishing condition, well equipped for its purposes, and with increased accommodations could easily receive many more students who apply for admission.

The Petersburg Savings and Insurance Company has declared its third quarterly dividend of 1-2 per cent on its capital stock, payable October 1.

Professor J. J. Burleigh, a well-known musician of this city, will remove to Richmond, having accepted the position of organist and choir director at St. John's Episcopal Church.

The session of the religious census organization will meet to-morrow night in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce to make the final arrangements for the taking of the census next Sunday afternoon.

The fall rally of the Baptist Sunday School Association was held this afternoon in the First Baptist Church, with a large attendance and interesting exercises. The address was delivered by the Rev. Dr. Roper. Reports of registration and attendance were encouraging.

INCREASED WAGES FOR RAILROADMEN

Satisfactory Settlement of Dispute Between Officials and Trainmen.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) Norfolk, Va., September 22.—Official announcement has been made by N. D. Maher, vice-president of the Norfolk and Western Railroad, that an agreement entirely satisfactory to both sides had been reached in the wage dispute between the conductors, brakemen and yardmen on one side and the officials of the Norfolk and Western, Chesapeake and Ohio and Virginia Railroads on the other.

The agreement has been signed and there will be no strike among the 4,000 men affected by the dispute. The exact terms of the agreement Mr. Maher would not state, but he admitted that all of the men will get an increase in pay, which was one of their chief demands, and the working hours of the men were so adjusted that on the different divisions of the three roads the trainmen are entirely satisfied.

The agreement is to run for one year, and as has been customary in all disputes between railway employees and the roads, each side is to give the other thirty days notice of any desire to terminate. He said that Commissioner of Labor Neil has won the lasting friendship of both sides by his magnanimous work, in spite of having a most difficult task to fill.

STEADY INCREASE IN COST OF LIVING

Remarkable Upward Trend in Prices of Things to Eat.

FIGURES ARE STARTLING

Bacon Only Article of Food Which Has Grown Cheaper.

Washington, September 22.—The most marked upward trend of the cost of living is disclosed in the Federal Bureau of Labor's report of an investigation of prices for the past ten years conducted in the important industrial centers of thirty-two States. Fifteen most important articles of food, as well as coal, comprising two-thirds of a workingman's needs were investigated. In many cities the investigators gathered statements of merchants on the cost of living and specimens of these are published in the report.

On June 15, 1912, the report shows, fourteen of the fifteen articles of food were higher than a year before, and ten had advanced in the last ten years more than 50 per cent over the average retail price or the ten-year period 1890-1899.

During the last decade prices of potatoes changed most and sugar the least. Their advances were 11.9 and 8.5 per cent, respectively. During the last year, bacon, which decreased just one-tenth of 1 per cent, was the only one of the fifteen principal articles of food that showed a decline in price, while nine of the fifteen advanced more than 10 per cent, varying from 24 per cent for milk to 18.6 for round steak. Of the fifteen, only eggs, butter, milk and sugar were lower, but the price of three of these four is normally lower during summers than during winters.

Specimens of the statements of merchants in various cities, published in the report follow:

New York—"Meats in general are so high that if prices continue much longer, will be obliged to close up business. Have already lost about \$200 since advance in prices."

Chicago—"Jobbing prices on flour has advanced 80 cents per barrel and unless there is a decline in the near future, retail prices will advance."

Baltimore—"If the present high prices prevail much longer in the wholesale market, I do not know what will become of the retail dealers."

Boston—"Cheap sirloins are so high and poor that I am not cutting any at present. Both grades of cattle have gone up, and the above prices just about let me out without profit." (A second)—"Beef, especially on cheaper cuts, 10 to 20 per cent higher."

Philadelphia—"No money in meats at the above prices." (A second)—"We paid, June 17, 15 1/2 cents a pound for rumps and rounds and 11 1/2 cents a pound for chunks of beef, the highest price in the history of our business."

Salt Lake City—"Everything seems to be at the top, but nothing shows any decline."

Remarks of merchants accompanying the price reports for May 15 told the same story. These are examples:

Boston—"Probably this is the last month we will be in the provision business. The high prices of meats are driving us out. We have been in business fifteen years, but must get out before we are put out."

Fall River—"The high prices of meats have put our meat business almost in the red. The cheaper cuts, which we ordinarily sell for 6 to 10 cents a pound, now we have to get 10 to 14 cents."

Atlanta—"The wholesale cost of fresh meats, flour and butter has advanced, but we still are holding at old prices."

Indianapolis—"Owing to the high price of feed, the milk supply has been the lowest for May in record."

(A second)—"Meat prices have made a sharp advance, owing to the scarcity in the medium grades of meat, and we have been compelled to handle higher-priced meats."

Milwaukee—"We were compelled to raise our price of beef because of the rise in the wholesale price."

Los Angeles—"The rise of price on potatoes is due to speculators losing their grip on the market. Shipments have arrived from other States, and as new potatoes will come in freely in a few weeks, they had to let go."

Memphis—"I have paid more for meats this year than I ever paid since I have been in business. I can't see any change for some time to come."

Cincinnati—"The winter has sent cattle to market before their maturity, and grain being the highest in years has had the tendency to give us the highest meat we have handled in years. May 15 we paid 8 1/2 cents a pound for steer cattle; ten years ago, 5 1/2 cents."

Pittsburgh—"Good beef is scarce and high and is the cause of driving other meats up. Low prices winter and high price of grain supposed to be reason."

Portland—"Rise of prices for beef and pork is due to shortage of stock. This was the showing made for the food prices in the last year, according to the report on the foods investigated: Decrease in price—Smoked bacon, 1 per cent.

Increase in price—Fresh milk, 2 1/2; smoked ham, 2 1/2; beef, 3 1/2; ground sugar, 6; Irish potatoes, 1 1/2; wheat flour, 10 1/2; pork chops, 11 1/2; pure lard, 11 1/2; strictly fresh eggs, 11 1/2; cornmeal, 12 1/2; creamy butter, 15 1/2; sirloin steak, 17 1/2; rib roast, 17 1/2; round steak, 18 1/2.

The advance during the decade, comparing the price June 15 last with the average for the ten years, was as follows: granulated sugar, 8.5 per cent; strictly fresh eggs, 24.1; fresh milk, 23.2; creamy butter, 23.3; wheat flour, 23.2; pure lard, 23.2; hens, 23.1; sirloin steak, 23.2; smoked ham, 61.2; cornmeal, 62.7; rib roast, 62.8; round steak, 64; pork chops, 36; smoked bacon, 64.7; Irish potatoes, 111.3.

Coal also advanced considerably in some cities. The price on April 15, as compared with a year before, was higher for Pennsylvania anthracite, stove coal, in twenty-five out of twenty-nine cities from which reports were secured, and there was no change of price in the remaining four cities.

During the same period Pennsylvania anthracite, chestnut coal, advanced in twenty-five out of twenty-seven cities, and bituminous advanced in seventeen out of thirty-two cities. The price per

IT BEATS ALL

VIRGINIA STATE FAIR

RICHMOND

Oct. 7-8-9-10-11-12

|| SECOND WEEK IN OCTOBER ~ SIX DAYS AND NIGHTS ||

\$50,000
IN PRIZES

SENSATIONAL FEATURES

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MIDWAY

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LATEST JAPANESE PYROTECHNICAL IMPORTATION.

Great shells are fired high in the air, exploding and releasing all sorts of novel effects. These shells contain over 30 varieties of fish and other aquatic novelties and many different paper figures. Figures of people in national costumes, flags of all nations, animals, etc. This really wonderful feature is both beautiful and grotesque.

WONDERFUL AND AMUSING EXHIBITION.

"PERRY'S VICTORY"

THE GREAT NIGHT SPECTACLE.

The Memorable Spectacular "Perry's Victory" on Lake Erie is reproduced with a wealth of fine scenery, minutely detailed war vessels and grand variety of bombs, fire darts, flaming flashes, high explosive shells and a gorgeous display of fireworks that will be lavishly introduced as a finale to this startling illustration of the historic battle. Remember "Don't Give Up the Ship."

DAZZLING AND BEAUTIFUL FIREWORKS DISPLAY.

GREATEST AGRICULTURAL SHOW—ALL RECORDS BEATEN

BOYS' CORN CLUBS—EXHIBITS—GIRLS' TOMATO CLUBS

LIVE STOCK PARADES—RACES—WONDERFUL ELECTRIC DISPLAYS

WATCH OUR ADS. IN THE DAILY PAPERS—NEW FEATURES EVERY DAY

FISHER'S ACTION IS UPHELD BY TAFT

Teachers in Indian Schools May Wear Their Religious Garb.

Washington, September 22.—Secretary Fisher's action last January in revoking the order of former Indian Commissioner Valentine, barring religious garb or insignia from government Indian schools, was upheld by President Taft, in an order made public today.

The decision of the President is that teachers now employed in Indian schools may continue to wear the garb of their religious orders, but the privilege is denied to any persons hereafter entering the service. This ruling will enable the government to fulfill its obligations to the President's religious bodies more than a year. Commissioner Valentine's order would have prohibited any teachers from wearing religious garb in the Indian schools after the end of the last school year.

President Taft's order and a letter from Secretary Fisher to Mr. Valentine, which accompanies it, lay stress on the fact that Commissioner Valentine issued his ruling without consulting the secretary or the President, and while the entire subject was under investigation. Mr. Fisher's revocation of the order now is made final.

Secretary Fisher's formal letter states that the government had long left the education of the Indians to religious missionaries; and that when it finally began a systematic handling of the educational problem it took over many of the religious schools, and brought their teachers into the government classified service.

"The transfers thus have often been effected by the government's renting denominational schools and taking over the whole plant and the teachers as well," said President Taft.

"It appears that out of 2,000 teachers in the Indian schools there are fifty-one who wear a religious garb and who are regularly classified members of the government civil service. To direct them to give up their religious garb would necessarily cause their leaving the service because of their vows under which they have assumed the garb."

Secretary Fisher holds there is no legal prohibition against the employment of government teachers who wear religious dress; and that opinion is endorsed by the President. It is pointed out that sectarian religious instruction is not given in any of the schools now under government control.

LANCASTER COURT HAS ADJOURNED

At November Term Grand Jury Will Investigate Property Reports.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) Lancaster, Va., September 22.—The Circuit Court for Lancaster County, Judge T. R. B. Wright presiding, which began here last Monday, has adjourned till the third Monday in November. While a number of cases were disposed of, there was nothing of public interest, except that in charge to the grand jury Judge Wright read a letter from C. Lee Moore, Auditor of Public Accounts, stating that he is now engaged in preparing data which he thinks will be of great service to the courts and grand juries in making the examination of the personal property books made out by the commissioners of the revenue in several cities and counties of the Commonwealth for the year 1912.

Auditor Moore says that he considers the examination of these books by the grand juries of such great importance to the Commonwealth that he has requested the judges of the various judicial districts to see that the examination of the personal property books be not gone into until he is able to furnish the desired data, which he hopes to do about the first week in October.

Judge Wright stated from the bench that the grand jury of Lancaster would take up the matter at the November term, and would also make a thorough investigation into the income tax matter. The reading of Auditor Moore's letter and the comments of Judge Wright created a decided sensation and caused much comment. Judge Wright took occasion to compliment Auditor Moore on the excellent pamphlet he has recently issued for the guidance of treasurers, sheriffs, clerks, and commissioners of the revenue, saying that they are the clearest and most comprehensive he had ever seen, and that there is no longer any excuse for these officers in making mistakes.

The fatal disease known as stomatitis, that has prevailed more or less in the Northern Neck for the past six or seven years among dogs, horses, and cattle, has again made its appearance in several parts of this region. Heretofore the disease has been confined very largely to dogs, especially of improved breeds, such as spaniels, setters, and pointers; but it is now getting to be more prevalent among cattle. The disease first manifests itself in an apparent stiffness of the limbs, and by veterinarians to be due to sore feet; and then by a sappy discharge from the mouth. The disease usually kills the animals it attacks in from ten to twenty days, death resulting from heart failure, due to poison in the system and inability to eat.

Dr. A. C. Fisher, of Richmond County, is the first physician in this section to diagnose the disease and treat it with some success. It is the opinion of Dr. Fisher, an eminent physician of Baltimore, that the disease is a phase of diphtheria, which can be cured by the use of anti-toxin if given when the disease first manifests itself. It is commonly known here as "sore foot" and mouth disease.

The season for protracted revival meetings is now in full blast. The Rev. E. M. Ramsey, who recently came to Lancaster from Halifax County to assume charge of the Baptist Churches in the northern part of this county, has recently held revival meetings at Ottoman and Lebanon Baptist Churches, at which more than sixty persons professed conversion. The revival at Lebanon is said to have been the greatest held there for forty years.

The Rev. R. S. Litzinger, of Fredericksburg, has accepted a call to the rectorship of the Episcopal Church in North Farnham parish, Richmond County, which has been vacant for nearly two years.

Rev. T. S. Dunaway, the venerable Baptist minister, now residing in Fredericksburg, where he was pastor for nearly forty years, has returned home after visiting his brother and sisters in his native county of Lancaster. While here Dr. Dunaway preached an interesting and impressive sermon at Eastern Baptist Church, where he was ordained to the Christian ministry.

THE WEATHER

Forecast: Virginia—Rain Monday and probably Tuesday.

North Carolina—Rain Monday and probably Tuesday.

Special Local Data for Yesterday.

12 noon temperature	75
2 P. M. temperature	78
Maximum temperature up to 3	78
P. M. temperature up to 3	78
Minimum temperature up to 3	61
P. M. temperature	61
Mean temperature	69
Normal temperature	69
Excess in temperature	1
Deficiency in temperature since March 1	9
Occum. Deficiency in temperature since January 1	140
Deficiency in rainfall since March 1	3.51
Accum. deficiency in rainfall since January 1	2.35
Local Observations for P. M. Yesterday.	
Humidity	76
Wind—direction	S. E.
Wind—velocity	19
Weather	Clear
Rainfall last 12 hours	0

CONDITIONS IN IMPORTANT CITIES. (At 8 P. M. Eastern Standard Time.)

Place	Ther.	H. T. L. T.	Weather.
Albany	67	73	Clear
Atlanta	62	72	Clear
Atlantic City	62	66	Clear
Boston	54	60	Clear
Buffalo	66	74	Clear
Calgary	76	80	Rain
Charleston	74	80	Cloudy
Chicago	64	70	Clear
Denver	68	74	Clear
Duluth	48	54	Cloudy
Galveston	50	72	P. cloudy
Hatteras	74	78	Cloudy
Havre	46	50	Rain
Jacksonville	76	80	Rain
Kansas City	68	76	Clear
Louisville	60	66	Cloudy
Lynchburg	60	66	Cloudy
Montgomery	72	76	Rain
New Orleans	78	80	Cloudy
New York	68	72	Cloudy
Norfolk	68	74	Clear
Oklahoma	68	74	Clear
Pittsburgh	66	72	Rain
Raleigh	72	80	Cloudy
St. Louis	68	74	Clear
St. Paul	54	60	Rain
San Francisco	58	64	P. cloudy
Savannah	74	78	Cloudy
Spokane	66	72	Cloudy
Tampa	82	86	Cloudy
Washington	66	72	P. cloudy
Winnipeg	48	52	Cloudy
Wytheville	62	68	Rain

At the Hotels

Jefferson—W. E. Simpson and wife. Philadelphia—Mr. and Mrs. Norman Powell. Wytheville, Va.: Sam Gibson. New York: W. H. Harrison, Jr. Petersburg, Va.: Robert E. Soule, Savannah, Ga.: Fay L. Perkins. North Carolina: H. H. Kirke, Cincinnati, O.: Milton Sloss. New York City: J. E. Clarke, Bitter Creek, Wyo.: G. Sykes. Nashville: James W. Burt and wife, White Plains, N. Y.: H. Horwitz. New York City: G. M. Dunning and wife, Brooklyn, N. Y.: J. Guggenheim. New York: George Furth, Cleveland, O.: W. A. Johnston. N. C.: William A. Adams, Jr., Staunton, Va.: C. E. Griggs. New York: Dr. J. B. Green and wife, Massachusetts: W. M. Patterson. New York: Walter Snyder, Philadelphia: H. F. Ruse, Baltimore: A. G. Lutz. New York: Lexington—A. G. Dinker, Ridgeway, O.: B. J. Duncan, Baltimore, Md.: J. D. Dawling. Virginia: J. E. Lancaster. Rocky Mount, N. C.: W. D. Upchurch. N. G. Williams, Raleigh, N. C.: E. T. Busch, Blackstone, Va.: J. L. Mord. Franklin, Va.: C. H. Howard. Baltimore, Md.: S. St. Denis. Boston, Mass.: W. S. Martin. Virginia: F. J. Walker. Dunn, N. C.: S. M. Parish. Norfolk, Va.: G. W. Lippsham. New York: Albert Trippe. Washington, D. C.: W. J. Orr. Virginia: W. H. F. Harvey. Martinsburg, Va.: F. W. Butler. Knoxville, Tenn.: C. V. York. Raleigh, N. C.: J. B. Bell. Virginia: William Blalock. New York: Edward Hamilton. Washington: John L. Smith. St. Louis: R. A. Bell. Eastville, Va.: W. L. Hackney. Jacksonville, Fla.: C. W. Lewis. Newport News, Va.:

Memphis—A. Hurley, Chattanooga, Tenn.: H. F. Jones. Baltimore: Joe. H. Bader. Virginia: O. Tam. New York: Miss Arelaband. Virginia: J. L. Higgins. Maryland: S. E. Rogers. Virginia: H. B. Mitchell. Chicago: G. D. Johnston. Virginia: Miss Beale Ashby. Mt. Airy, N. C.: Miss Lizzie Ashby. Mt. Airy, N. C.: Miss Elsie Ashby. Mt. Airy, N. C.: Mrs. N. H. Spaw. Ill. Virginia: W. C. E. D. Kirkpatrick. Virginia: W. H. Stiff. Roanoke: H. M. Hill. Virginia: Leo Wemburg. Newark: D. H. Stevens. St. Louis: W. M. Colburn. Boston: J. A. Purer. Bristol, Tenn.: Wm. Pine. New York: G. M. Patterson. New York: Sam Nathan. New York: R. J. Graves. Baltimore: L. H. Phillips. Oronota, Va.: Mrs. B. Phillips. Oronota, Va.: Mr. and Mrs. R. Kente. Philadelphia: G. R. Kennedy. Philadelphia: Jas. Heston. New York: A. D. Williams. Charlotte, N. C.: E. M. Gilson. Cincinnati: J. E. Carter. C. Fayetteville. W. Weller. Jr. Wisconsin: T. Norwood. Portland, Baltimore: A. W. Williams. Baltimore: A. E. Bowers. Philadelphia: J. H. Spencer. Chicago: M. H. Baker. Virginia: G. W. Eastman. New York: J. E. Stearns. Newport News: J. E. Kelen. New York: Robt. G. Frye. Washington: G. S. Dunne. Philadelphia: O. L. Swalkorff. Virginia: W. G. Dunley. Philadelphia: S. R. Grissard. New York:

PERFECTED

NOW HERE
SEE THEM